



APRU Multi-Hazards Webinar Series: A new Approach for Disaster Risk Management after COVID-19

Understanding & addressing different types of hazards: CHEMICALS

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Introduction

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Outline

- Industrial Chemical Accidents & Disasters
- Lessons Learned
- Chemical Safety vs Security
- Mitigation Strategies
- Industrial Chemical Safety & Security
- Industrial Chemical Management
- Key Points



Industrial Chemical Disasters

- 1. Piper Alpha
- 2. Bhopal
- 3. Deepwater Horizon, Gulf Mexico
- 4. Visakhapatnam gas leak, India (2020) styrene



Industrial Chemical Accidents

- 1. Tianjin Explosion, China, 12 August 2015, killed 173 people, injured hundreds of others at a Chemical storage station at the **Port of Tianjin** 800 tonnes of ammonium nitrate (approx. 256 tonnes TNT equivalent)
- 2. Beirut Explosion, Lebanon, 4 August 2020, a large amount of ammonium nitrate stored at the **Port of the city of Beirut,** exploded, causing at least 200 deaths, 3 people missing, and 6,500 injuries, US\$10–15 billion in property damage, and leaving an estimated 300,000 people homeless. Around 2,750 tonnes of the substance (equivalent to around 1.1 kilotons of TNT) had been stored in a warehouse without proper safety measures for the previous six years



https://qz.com/756872/ a-year-after-the-tianjinblast-public-mourningand-discussion-about-itare-still-censored-inchina/

https://www.bbc.com /news/53669029

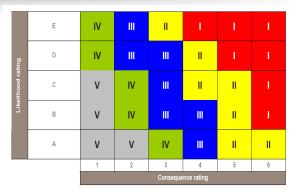
Industrial Chemical Accidents

- 1. Fire due to Chemical Theft (Oil & Gas, 2009): 1 deaths, USD7.000.000 Chemical Security
- 2. Explosions in Fireworks Factory: 49 deaths Poor understanding of chemical hazards (2017)
- 3. Illegal Oil Pipeline Tapping (2014) 4 deaths, Chemical Security
- 4. Illegal Oil Drilling (2017) 2 deaths, 20 severe burns, Chemical Security



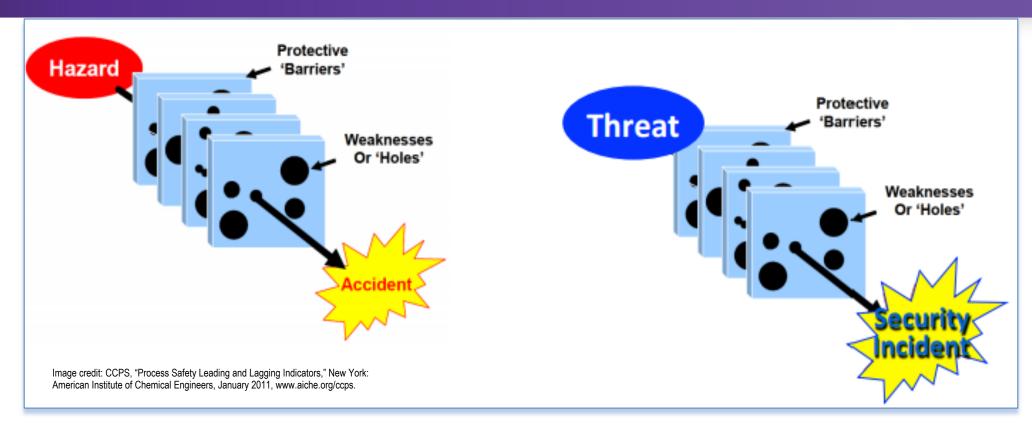
Lessons Learned

- Inadequate hazard identification or risk assessment
- Lack of understanding in addressing chemical hazards & threats
- Low awareness on Chemical Safety & security
- Inadequate work standards/procedures
- Inadequate supervision
- Improper decision making or lack of judgement
- Inadequate training/competence
- Violation unintentional (by individual or group)





Chemical Safety vs Security "Swiss cheese model"



Chemical Safety

- ☐ Hazard assessment
- ☐ Consequence assessment
- ☐ Control measures assessment
- □Safety incidents: accidental

Chemical Security

- ☐Threat assessment
- ☐ Consequence assessment
- ☐ Protective Barriers assessment
- ☐ Security incidents: intentional

Industrial Chemical Safety & Security

Industrial Chemical Safety

- Chemical Safety Risk is a measure of human injury, environmental damage, or economic loss in terms of both the incident likelihood and the magnitude of the loss or injury
- Protection of workers from chemical hazards
- Chemical accidents prevention
- Unintentional



Industrial Chemical Security

- Security Risk is an expression of the likelihood that a defined threat will exploit a specific vulnerability of a particular attractive target or combination of targets to cause a given set of consequences
- Protection of chemicals from misuse
- Chemical security incidents prevention
- Intentional

Mitigation Strategies

Industrial Chemical Safety

- Process Safety Management
- Major Hazards Control



Industrial Chemical Security

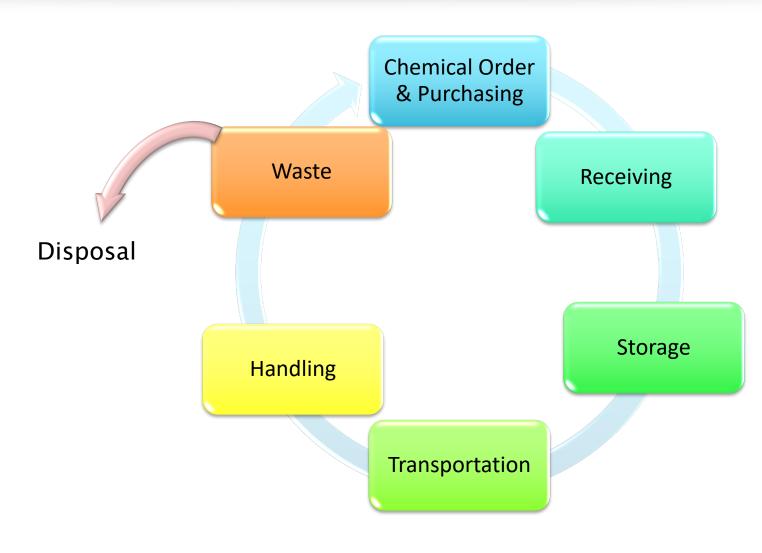
- Security Vulnerability Assessment
- Identify Critical Target
- Assess Threats & Consequences
- Evaluation of Safeguards



Mitigation Strategies Industrial Chemical Management

PDCA Cycle





Mitigation Strategies Industrial Chemical Safety

Process Safety Management – 20 element

- 1. Process Safety Culture
- 2. Standards, Codes, Regulations, & Laws
- 3. Process Safety Competency
- 4. Workforce Involvement
- 5. Stakeholder Outreach
- 6. Process Knowledge Management
- 7. Hazard Identification and Risk Analysis
- 8. Operating Procedures
- 9. Safe Work Practices
- Asset Integrity and Reliability
- 11. Contractor Management
- 12. Training and Performance Assurance
- 13. Management of Change
- 14. Operational Readiness
- 15. Conduct of Operations
- 16. Emergency Management
- 17. Incident Investigation
- 18. Measurement and Metrics
- 19. Auditing
- 20. Management Review & Continuous Improvement



Major Hazards Control

- 1. Identification of major hazard installations
- 2. The role of management
- 3. The role of authorities
- 4. The role of workers & workers' organisations
- Emergency planning
- 6. Implementation of major hazard control systems
- 7. Prerequisites for a major control system

ILO, Major Hazards Control, 1993

Implementation of Industrial Chemical Security

- Security Vulnerability Assessment
 - Identify Target & Critical assets
 - Assess Threats
 - Assess Consequences
- Industrial Chemical Security Risk Reduction
- Evaluation of Safeguards



Target & Critical Assets Industrial Chemical Security



Identify
Critical
Assets from
your Facility



- People
- Equipment
- Systems
- Chemicals
- Products
- Information





What other possible Target & Critical Assets in your facilities?

Assess Threats

- Pirates
- Theft
- Public Demonstration
- Adversaries
- What other possible threats?





Sources: Google image

Assess Consequences

- Fire
- Explosion
- Pollution
- Injury
- Acute Toxicity
- Assets damages/loss

Is your organization ready for this?









Sources: Google image

Chemical Security Risk Reduction

Deter, Detect & Delay Principles

Physical or Cyber Protection

Procedures & Administrative Controls

Inherently Safer Systems

Types of Countermeasures

- Physical security & Barriers
- Detection equipment & Access Control
- Loss prevention, material control & inventory management
- Control Room Security
- Crisis Management & Emergency Response
- Policies & Procedures
- Information/cyber security
- Intelligence



Physical Security & Barriers

- Detection equipment
- Assessment / response
- Communication
- Access Control
- Material control, accountability & movement control

- Barriers
- Perimeter Protection
- Fencing
- Walls
- Landscaping





Detection Equipment & Access Control

Detection Equipment

Provides warning of **unauthorized entry** to areas within facilities

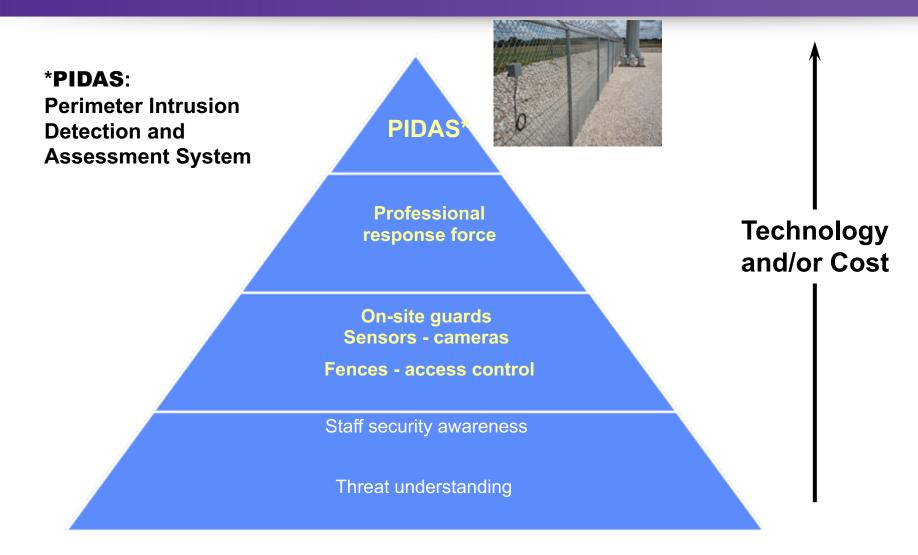
- Intrusion detection sensors & systems
- CCTV / video surveillance
- Alarm monitoring consoles



Access Control

- The objective: to establish positive control over whom & what is permitted entry to or exit from the site or critical areas of the site.
- Control over personnel, property & a vehicle passing through the site's perimeter
- Access control:
 - Equipment
 - Building
 - Grounds design
 - Security practices

Evaluation of safeguards

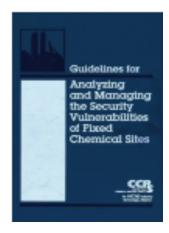


Key Points

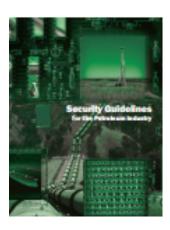
- Understanding the chemical hazards & threats are very important
- 2. The urgence need to address **chemical safety & security**
- 3. Several **mitigation strategies** could be implemented to address **chemical risks**
- 4. Implementation of holistic approach to chemical safety, security and management

References

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- ☐ Picture sources: Google image







Thank You

